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COMPANY OF THE CANADA STREET, AND THE CANADA

STORTING DESIGNATION FOR SERVICE

SECTION TO THE SECTION OF THE SECTIO

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Mr. Harffiner

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* "Match-dog" system to check the operations and expenditures of Intelligence agencies of the Supermont is recommended by the Constants on Organization of the Supermont.

In a report to the Sompress today on Intelligence activities of the Sovernment, the House Commission finds that such as arrangement is medicinal and only to review the officiency and effectiveness of the Intelligence effect, but also to reseasure the people and inspire greater confidence in the trustworthiness of this phase of Federal operations.

The Commission's recommendation involves the creation of two consistent which which should collaborate on important matters in toda field. Her would be a joint Compressional consistent on Foreign Intelligence, and the other would be a compact group of treatmentar private citizens to be maded by the President and to serve on a part-time besis.

The Intelligence Tank Force, headed by Describ Nork 2. Clark, now president of the Citadel in Charleston, N.C., in a report to the Considerion proposed the settlichment of a "match-dog" group for the same purposes, but in a different form. The tank force styled the creation of a single small permanent consisting by Act of Congress for the Intelligence surveillance jeb, to be sodeled after the Roomer Commission and to include Hembers of both Source of Congress as well as distinguished private citizens.

The other proposals of the task force, involving both administrative and legislative action and including broad recommendations for an internal

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reorganisation of the Central Intelligence Agency, were presented without comment by the Commission along with its own report, for the equalderation of the Congress and the Executive agencies involved.

Recommendation No. 1 of the test force report explained that the CIA should be revenped internally "to produce greater explains on certain of its back statutory functions."

The table and supporting Section matter relating to this recommendation were contained in a separate, highly classified report which was submitted by the task force to Mr. Hower and presented by him directly to Provident Licenbewer. Such of this data could not be incorporated in the public report for security reasons.

South of the task force reports, based an exhaustive surveys in this country and first-hand studies abroad, emphasized that the major aim should be greater concentration on the collection of information about technological and military developments and plans of "our primary target"—the Soviet blocand collect for greater boldness and freedom of action for our intelligence. Soviet to overcome the present definituation in this country's knowledge of communist plans.

In a discussion of the State Department's responsibilities and the effect of foreign polities and diplomety on Intelligence operations, the report said:

The task force has recognised the incompatibility is mathed between the practice of diplomecy and more direct and active operations incident to the collection of intelligence and the conduct of cold war.

readined, usually on a high level, and sivery to the national interest. It must be realised that diplomacy is not an end in itself; that, while national onds must be served and unjustifiable risks availed, the collection of

inicilizance is a vital element in our national uniform and existence.

Unstances have come to the attention of the test force where too conservative an attitude has provailed, often to the detriment of vigorous and timely setting in this field."

The task force expressed the view that the legislation, and organizational met-up for intelligence purposes are soundly commetted, but that administrative flame have developed and it proposes remedies.

Tailors to produce certain elements of intelligence has been due in part to the restrictive effects of some of our national stiltudes and policies toward the collection of intelligence so necessary for effective resistance to postet aggression, the report added. "Also, many some of those responsible for implementation of our foreign policy by diplomeny and negotiation, there seems to exist an embourance to maything that might lead to diplomatic or even protocol conclications.

This negative attitude, usually at the desk level, at times has stifled initiative and action in the collection of intelligence. Some of these efforts, if permitted to proceed properly, might have brought direct and immediate results and made positive contributions to the national wolfers that would have justified the attendant political risks and possible inconsequential dislocative embarragement.

"Security measures adopted by the Communists have been providingly conceived and heldly employed. They have been quite effective in comparison with our security measures, which have permitted the folloction of vital secrets in this equatry with relative case.

available. Through concentration on the prime target we such exact every

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conceivable and practicable effort to get it. Success is this field depends on greater boldness at the policy level, a willingness to accept certain calculated political and diplomatic risks, and full use of technological capabilities."

All elements of the Intelligence field were curveyed by the task force, but major attention was paid to the CIA because of the special autonomous character of that agency and because "it is charged with the everall respons-thillty for coordinating the output of all the intelligence forces."

The recommendations included previouss for lifting the prestige of the Intelligence forces, developing excert inscatives, providing greater flexibility of recruitment of "the best qualified individuals," and relieving the shortege of trained personnel.

They also embraced suggestions for strongthening security surveys of Intelligence workers and employees of industrial plants empaged in "sensitive"

In the matter of personnel security checks, the tank force had this to pay:

"The methods used for selection of personnel were recommend in the light
of susplicions which have been voiced that subversive and Communistic elements
were readily infiltrating into these sensitive jobs. Our investigations
indicated that the intelligence leadership in all branches is elect to its
responsibility and is fusctioning under strict rules to prevent any such
infiltration.

The flat is the present system, however, some to be the absence of a general plan for periodic review of the according status of every person after employment in intelligence entivities, to guard against the possibility that now employee who was completely dependable and becomeble when starting

work might have changed character, fallon from grace, or secombed to alien blandishments or some personal westmans much as strong drink or sexual perversion."

To minimize this baserd, the task force recommended that managers be instituted in all agencies for rechecking the security status of all personnel engaged in Intelligence, at periodic intervals not to exceed five years in any individual case. The Federal Bureau of Investigation makes such a periodic check of all its personnel.

The immetigations of the task force with respect to industrial parameters security indicated "a serious weakness" srising from the fact that an individual who has been declared to be a security risk although resorted from work of a classified nature, might still be retained an seas other work in the same plant, be in daily content with workers engaged in meanitive production and empty freedom of novement within the plant.

"The military departments are sware of the situation," the task force said, "and have recommended legislation to correct this deficiency. The task force commands such a proposal and feels that this leophole in our escurity berriors should be closed grouphly. . .

"Although detailed study of the policies, functions and procedures of the departments and agencies collecting and handling [shelligenes date, as suttined to us by the Commission, did not primarily entail the investigation of the security angle of every individual angaged in [shelligenes, we recognised the fact that the character of personnal affects those intelligence functions, and we foced equarely the insue of individual cases under completes or brought to sur attention from various sources. A number of names case to us with supposedly durogatory information or movely with deregatory implications.

Then my such information or my name was brought to our attention from my source concerning individuals employed in the intelligence field, or even if not so employed, every case except those obviously without worlt was referred to the fill, or where appropriate, to the responsible agency, or to both, with a request for a report.

Top to the time this report was prepared, some replies to our inquiry developed information to the effect that the records centeined no adequate basis for suspicion of the individuals as mecurity risks. Some replies individual test the individuals were under investigation and that the investigations were continuing. One of the individuals is on leave without pay, panding completion of an investigation one is process, and appropriate disposition."

The report by Ceneral Clark's group sold its investigations showed that
the remaitive and vital work of the Intelligence community is being led by
a group which is sincere and dedicated to the service of the nation," and that
it folt the American people "can and choold give their full confidence and
support to the Intelligence program, and centribute in every possible way to

The Found the Elector of Central Intelligence," It continued, "to be industrious, objective, solflers, enthusiastic and imaginative. So are convinced, however, that in his outhonises he has taken upon misself too many burdenspace duties and responsibilities on the operational side of Chara activities."

The report expensed that the director of CD employ an executive director, or "chief of staff," so that he might be "relieved of the chore of many day-to-day administrative and operational problems, and thus he able to give more time to the troad, overall direction of the appears and the confdination of the appears and the confdination of the entire intelligence effort."

The tank force expressed concern over the "possibility of the growth of license and absence of power where disclosure of costs, organization, personnel and functions are procleded by law," as is the case with Cla. Although the investigation showed as indication of such absence, as a matter of future insurance it recommended that its proposed "water-dog" demission including distinguished public-spirited citizens as members, be exponered by law to now for and receive, under adequate safeguards against "leaks," any information from any source it might meet for its can use.

channel between the Congress and COA which "serves a worthy perpens" but which commut include private citizens and does not emergess the wide scope of morvice and continuity which the immediators consider essential for this task. It found the some defect in more than a moore of bills introduced in this session of the Congress to provide for review of CLL's work.

in a discussion of the evalution and growth of our intelligence progress, giving the public a clearer conception of the significance of the operations in modern times, the task force report exys:

prompt and continuing information on the plans and potentialities of those who would enslave it. Nations and people who value liberty and a severalge national existence in a free world now look to the United States for leader-able and impiration is their straggle to existence inherent rights.

The the Materia family of authors, this country radio as a comparative nearmoser. In the early caps of the Republic--not as long ago as the world measures time--our people felt confertably distant from the hotbods of foreign intrigue and conflict.

Transportation and communication incilities in the days of clipper ships and the pany express were so limited and so sion that they instered a serum essurance of isolation and geographical protection against possible aggressors. . . Our early pollosophy of passe still provails, but within our generation, and for our own protection, organized intelligence has been forced upon us by the rapidly shrinking world of electropics, anches weapons and planes which travel at superscale speed.

The Dailed States emerged from world par II we the political leader in frac-world affairs and the outstanding military power. The advect of atomic bombs, together with the development of advanced methods for their delivery, intensified the med for adequate and timely intelligence so that we might fairful our responsibilities in interactional affairs and insure our swe survival.

tortion manimum the propagands, infiltration, and aggreeniseness of the Communist Landers. By trial and error, study and skill, we have made progress; but we must not labor under any complement delesions. There is still such to be done by our intelligence community to bring its assistancements up to an acceptable larel."

The task force report cites "too transmission importance to our country of the intelligence effort and the unpublicised and colfices duties performed," and mays that these services "densed that the prettice of this function, and of the personnel involved, he recognised through the use of adequate carear incentives and benefits to encourage full development of talent within the intelligence community."

To that and the task force recommends that the Executive Pay 2111 of 1947 be executed to increase the associat salary of the Director of Central Intelligence

to the equivalent of that of the Deputy Streetary of Defence (\$20,000); to bring the pay of the Deputy Director of Central Intelligence up to \$17,500, the same on that of most under secretaries of the Encetive Branch; and to provide sporating directors of areas of responsibility in Intelligence with prepartionate malaries.

The recommendation further would provide that the chiefs of the various intolligence units of the military services be elevated in the organizational structure to the level of Depty Chiefs of Steff in the tray and Air Force, and Depty Chief of Eavel Operations in the Bery.

Ender this plan also the Central Intelligence Agency Act of 1969 would be exceeded to provide additional medical and hospital benefits and pervious for dependents of CSA employees when stationed everyone, similar to the benefits mathematical for dependents of the members of the Foreign Service; and statutory leave benefits, or acculaistics of leave, for employees of CSA overcots, we now applied to members of the foreign nervice.

name that force calls attention to important continutions which might be made to the intelligence effort by retired civilians with long business experience in the foreign field, and suggests that "this resource should be exploited fully." It points also to the valuable resources of retired military personnel with foreign experience which eight be utilized.

One major edvantage in the exploitation of these trained groups, according to the task force, would be the speed with which they could be fitted into the Entellipence picture. Cortain outsmood restrictions now are placed on the follows of this pool of talent.

In remark this elimination, the recommendation is more that the Central Intelligence agreey set of 1947 be assended to authorize the employment by the

Old of retired military personnel of the kreed Services "without an arbitrary limitation on the number of such employees." The limit new is fifteen. Such personnel would be nutberied to accept either their military retirement pay when any difference between their retirement pay and the proper pay of the office, but not between their stopes pay of the office, but not between

The recommendation further proposes that the Department of Defence make extensive one of Schedule A of the Civil Service Engalations (non-competitive appointments) in the employment by the military services of civilian Intelligence analysis and other specialists in order to provide the accountry floribility in the recruitment of qualified civilian personnel and to facilitate the interchange of such personnel between some of Interior competitive service and the overseas excepted service. Such appointments would take in retired citiesses with mide previous business experience in the foreign field.

medicap to our representatives abroad," the tack force further reports. "This became painfully experent during the forces our. The ability to write and speak the language floontly, and to interpret foreign werds and idious socurately always being an emerican to get around in a alien land, to win the questiones of the people, and to understand them."

to meet the present deficiency, the tank force recommend that a "couplebeautive, coordinated program be developed to extend linguistic braining among
powerhous distings serving the intelligence effort; and that the repartment of
failouse expend and presents language training by efforting credit toward hason've
poundations to NOTE students and crill credit to hearry personal for completion of selected language courses."

As an added means of impuring edoquate supervision over certain specialized phases of intelligence activities, the task force also urges that prospt at the coordinating constitute on atomic energy latellinesses, but only to get the benefit of service by the most competent individuals, but also to assure long tenure in this important assignment.

information demands matern quarters for the parameters and records, describe clark's group reconsense that the Congress appropriate "as soon as possible" funds to construct absquare meadquarters facilities for the Cin in or near examples, S. C. It points out that after eight years of operation, the agency still large such facilities.

The Cir is known to have its medicators records and soften sections absent to section and soften sections of the particular for the deting best to section of a control of a section of a control of a c

care? appeally of all of the offices, records and nearquarters personnel sould be brought under one redf.

The northern would include 1053,000 may apont for tempty-incr-hour goald nervice in all balldings and for extra gards messecary in protecting information and resords, proper and other material value must be shoulded about daily from one office to another; (607,000 in loss of time and required for efficient and employees to set from multaing to multilest full slide one being paid for more rested quarters; (60,000 for receptionists required at section of offices; (35,500 for southle service between offices; (35,500 in tole-phone mileage charges and \$25,000 for PCI services; (69,500 for couriers and

pay for alterations and improvements to old buildings to test them in suit-

these expense these now are suit to come to \$1,000,000 a year, and could be not to 1800,000 a year to a pincia mondynamics building, expending to the cold buildings.

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Control date to Caroline and Carolines.